

# The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 24

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JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1880.

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NUMBER 158

The first Republican gun is a twenty-five thousand pounder.

Gabe Bonck has been renominated, but instead of being re-elected, he will be retired.

The election in Vermont shows what the Republicans can do when they have an honest vote and a fair count.

When there is an election in the South, the Democrats make sure of a big majority by giving the Republicans to understand that they must either stay at home or vote the Democratic ticket.

The Democrats in Indiana are grunting and sweating under the weary load of having to carry Shylock English through the campaign. He has taken his pound of flesh too often for the success of the Democratic ticket in that State.

I will tell you who I think the Republicans should nominate, and who I consider their strongest man, he is a true man of principle, an honest man, and would make a good President for us all. Personally, I consider him the best man you could nominate. I refer to James A. Garfield, of Ohio.—Thomas A. Hendricks.

The Albany evening Journal makes the following pertinent application of an old story: "A fellow once walked out of a store in Gloucester with a fish which he had stolen tucked under his vest. He hadn't gone far with his plunder before he was brought to a halt by a shrewd passer-by, who taking in the situation at a glance, exclaimed, 'See here, my friend, you ought to either wear longer vests or steal shorter fish.' The Democratic party, now that Hancock is nominated, are ardent in their love for the boys in blue, and are fond of dwelling upon sundry great battles of the war in which their candidate figured. But either the war record of the party ought to be longer than it is or else the party's present display of affection for the soldier ought to be shorter than it is."

Senator Matt. H. Carpenter, recently furnished the New York Mail newspaper an interesting item in regard to a novel plan of settling the Presidential question. The story as related by the Mail is as follows: "Judge Jeremiah S. Black and Senator Carpenter—who are warm friends personally—are they are yielding foes politically—some years ago got to talking about the probabilities as to who would be elected President in 1880. Finally, Senator Carpenter proposed to Judge Black that they should go to work as they would get a jury—each to write down twelve names, which were to be taken up, one by one, and objected to or accepted. The Judge agreed, the list was made out, the Senator, with his usual courtesy, handing his list with Judge Black's name, and Judge Black heading his list with the Senator's name. Of course, Carpenter struck off his name to begin with, and, of course, Black struck off his name. Then the canvass went on. The remaining names, as they were called, were discussed. One man was pronounced eminently fit for the Presidency, but unavailable for some cause; another had made some mistake which would prevent his election; another was too extreme a partisan; another lacked popular qualities; another had a troublesome record, and so on. This process of striking off continued until but one man was left, as that of the man who was likely to be elected President in 1880. That name was the name of James A. Garfield.

General Grant is the strongest man personally, in this or any other country. He is the best known man living. All in all he is the most remarkable man of modern times. The more he is studied the more there is to study. See him once, and there is a desire to see him again. Hear him converse and one is astonished at his free and easy style, and surprised at his large stock of practical information. He is as simple as a child in his speech and manner, but in mind and good sense one of the strongest men of the day. His unparalleled rise from obscurity to world-wide fame, was not the result of an accident. There were others, in 1861 and 1862, who had the same opportunity that Grant had, but they did not have the genius, the indomitable pluck, nor the unerring judgment which General Grant always displayed, and many of them failed. From the day General Grant stormed Fort Donelson to the time he finished his great circuit of the globe, he has been growing. He has reached a higher degree of popular appreciation than any man who lives to-day, and he will never lose it. It is a puzzle to some to find wherein his powerful strength lies. But the fact exists that he is the most popular man in all the world. Wherever he goes he creates a new enthusiasm. In the North he is lionized. In the South, the people whom he conquered, receive him with the wildest cheers. In almost every country in the civilized world, and every one he visited, he was honored as never man was honored before. The scene which took place last night in Janesville was a scene which has been witnessed in the later life of Grant hundreds of times; and it has been repeated in every great division of the world. It proves one thing, that General Grant's name and fame are mightier than those of any man living at this day.

The 21 Congressional district Republican convention was held at Madison on Wednesday, the 8th, and on the first ballot Congressman Caswell was nominated, receiving 69 votes out of 130, three more than are necessary for a choice. There

was some opposition to Mr. Caswell, not, however, growing out of anything he has done or neglected to do, in Congress, but some of the leaders thought he had been there long enough, and wanted a change. He has served four years in Congress, and has made a very industrious, painstaking, and consistent member. Mr. I. C. Sloan, who recently abandoned the Democratic party, was a member of the convention, and endorsed the nomination of Mr. Caswell. In his remarks he said something which would have been wise to say in every Republican Congressional district in the United States. He called the attention of the convention to the fact "that a great Presidential election was at hand; he himself was confident General Garfield would be elected, but nevertheless the contest was a close one and the result was doubtful. But that the next House of Representatives would be Republican, the speaker was quite positive. Now, in the event of the calamity of General Hancock's election, the House would be the only repository of Republican principles in this country; it was eminently important, in this great crisis of national affairs, that men be sent to Congress who are tried and faithful conservators of public trusts; men in whose integrity there can be no doubt; men well versed in the inner workings of national legislation, acquainted with the men who shape and the methods which influence national affairs—with the unwritten rules of Congress; men who have not their experience yet to learn—and it takes time to acquire experience of this character—and who are ready and equipped, in a time of great political emergency like this, to act promptly and effectively."

## The Right Education for American Youth.

From Garfield's address at Hiram College, June 14th, 1887.

It is well to know the history of those magnificent nations, whose origin is lost in fable, and whose existence was a thousand years ago—but if we cannot know both, it is far better to study the history of our own nation, whose origin we can trace to the freest and noblest aspirations of the human heart—a nation that was born of the hardest, purest and most enduring elements of the world, an civilization—a nation, that by its faith and courage has dared and accomplished more for the human race in a single century than Europe accomplished in the first thousand years of the Christian era. The New England township was the type after which our Federal Government was modeled; yet it would be rare to find a college student who can make a comprehensive and intelligible statement of the municipal organization of the township in which he was born, and tell you by what officers its legislative, judicial, and executive functions are administered. One of the time which is now almost wholly wasted in district schools, on English grammar, attempted at an early age, would be sufficient to teach our children to love the Republic, and to become its loyal and life-long supporters. After the bloody baptism from which the nation has arisen to a higher and nobler life, it is this shameful defect in our system of education that should be remedied. We shall deserve the infinite contempt of our contemporaries, if I insist that it should be made an indispensable condition of graduation in every American college, that the student must understand the history of this continent and the history of the United States, its constitution of government, the struggles through which it has passed, and the rights and duties of citizens who were to determine its destiny and share its glory.

Having thus gained the knowledge which is necessary to life, health, industry, and citizenship, the student is prepared to enter a wider and grander field of thought. If he desires that large and liberal culture which will call into activity all his powers, and make the most of the material God has given him, he must study deeply and earnestly the intellectual, the spiritual, the religious and the aesthetic nature of man; his relations to nature, to civilization, to God. These should occupy nearly, if not fully, half the time of his college course. In connection with the philosophy of the mind, he should study logic, the pure mathematics, and the general history of thought. In connection with the history of the human race, he should study the history of the human race, in its slow and toilsome march across the centuries—now buried in ignorance, superstition, and crime; now rising to the sublimity of heroism and achieving a glimpse of a better destiny; now turning remorsefully away from, and leaving to perish, empires and civilizations in which it had invested its faith and courage and boundless energy for a thousand years, and plunging into the forests of Germany, Gaul and Britain, to build for itself new empires better fitted for its new aspirations; and at last, crossing three thousand miles unknown sea, and building in the wilderness of a new hemisphere its latest and proudest monuments.

The Grand Central Hotel, 607 Broadway, New York City, is the "Grand Central" in fact as well as in name, being centrally located than any other first class hotel in New York City. It is within easy access to every point of interest or business in the city. It is well kept, recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished, and is only \$30 per day, with moderate charge for parlor and bath. Don't fail to stop there when you go to New York City.

## POUND NOMINATED.

GRAND RAPIDS, Wis., Sept. 8.—The Republicans of the Eighth congressional district met in convention in this city to-day, with Hon. J. H. Kingston as chairman. Thaddeus C. Pond, of Chippewa Falls, was renominated as their candidate for Member of Congress. This evening the nominee of the convention, and S. H. Alban, of Wausau, addressed a meeting of voters at Witter's hall.

## A GOOD SEND OFF.

The Vermont Green Mountain Boys Roll up 25,000 Republican Majority.

And Make a Clean Sweep of the Republican State Ticket.

The Republican Boom Now Has a Good and Capital Starter.

The Washington Republicans Jubilant Over the Political Situation.

Bob Ingersoll's Plan for Raising Campaign Funds.

President Hayes and Party Seeing the Sights on the Pacific Coast.

The Confederates Trying to Secure Pensions for Rebel Soldiers.

Further Details of the Colliery Explosion in Seaham, England.

Destruction by Fire of Manhattan Market, New York.

Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous News Items.

## VERMONT.

The Green Mountain Boys Roll Up 25,000 Republican Majority. RUTLAND, Sept. 8.—Returns have been received from 218 towns, leaving twenty-three to hear from. The towns heard from gave Fairbanks, Republican, 45,469; Phelps, Democrat, 23,334; Heath, Greenback, 1,425. The same towns in 1879 gave Fairbanks, Republican, 42,322; Bingham, Democrat, 19,849. Fairbanks' plurality over Phelps in the towns so far heard from is 25,135, and majority over Heath is 24,772. This will be increased so that Fairbanks' plurality in the whole State over Phelps will reach about 25,400 and the majority over all slightly in excess of 25,000.

The Greenback vote in the Second District, where there was none in 1879, and where a bolting Republican, Greenbacker was elected over the regular nominee in 1878, drew largely on the Republican vote. Outside of this district the State shows a percentage of gain that would easily make the State Republican, 60.9 majority. In the Second Congressional District quite a number of Republican farmers "voted in the air," because their candidate, John B. Mead, was not nominated instead of Fairbanks.

## JUBILANT REPUBLICANS.

The Washington Republicans Jubilant Over the Situation. WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Republicans at campaign headquarters here are simply jubilant over the situation. They believe that they have the enemy on the run. If Republican gains are as large proportionately as in Vermont, the Democrats will not carry a single Northern State. The Post this morning gives up the fight in Maine, and concedes the State to the Republicans. It does this to break the force of the fall which is inevitable next Monday. It is now generally conceded by Democrats that Maine will go Republican by a large majority. They are attempting to break the force of the blow on Indiana.

## A BLAZING MARKET.

The Manhattan Market, New York, Destroyed—Loss One Million Dollars. New York, Sept. 9.—About midnight the Manhattan market, which occupies the entire block bounded by Eleventh and Twelfth avenues, Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth streets, caught fire, and in less than half an hour was beyond help. The entire structure with its contents were destroyed, together with three hundred head of prime cattle, which were to have been slaughtered this morning. The total loss on building and stock can not fall short of \$1,000,000, the whole property, sight and privileges having originally cost \$1,500,000.

## BOB INGERSOLL.

His Plan for Raising Campaign Funds. WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 8.—Robert G. Ingersoll returned here to-day from his Eastern stump tour, and, after a few days' rest, will leave to speak in Indiana and Illinois. Mr. Ingersoll thinks the situation is extremely hopeful for the Republicans. He found everywhere enthusiasm in the party for their candidate. Mr. Ingersoll himself is about to make the novel offer to be one of a thousand men to subscribe \$2,000 each in order to raise \$2,000,000 for the campaign fund. Mr. Ingersoll thinks that in a week's time, upon this basis, he himself could raise \$1,000,000 in New York City. If the Republican Committee hears of his suggestion, Mr. Ingersoll may be assigned to the duty of collecting these \$2,000,000, instead of speaking.

## CAUGHT AT IT.

The Confederates Trying to Procure Pensions. WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 8.—Ever since the Democrats secured control of the House of Representatives claims for pensions have been frequently received

by claim agents in this city from ex-Confederate soldiers. One agent alone received over one hundred. One application from Alabama was actually filed in the Pension Office by Gilmore & Co., of this city, and was passed along in the regular order of the work until it reached the point where application is made to the Adjutant-General for a transcript of the military history of the applicant from the muster rolls in the War Department. This application was returned indorsed, "No such regiment." The case was then referred to Gilmore & Co., who replied that the regiment in question was Confederate.

## PRESIDENT HAYES.

Seeing the Sights at and About Truckee.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 8.—President Hayes and party left Carson for Lake Tahoe, at 9:45 this morning. They were conveyed to the summit by coaches, escorted by leading citizens. At the summit they took the narrow gauge for Glenbrook, where they arrived at half past 12. All declared the ride either the pleasantest and wildest they ever took. After lunch they boarded the steamer Meteor, and made this tour of the lake, arriving at Glenbrook at 4 o'clock. The boat was decorated with bunting, evergreens, and flowers. On the front of the pilot-house, amid wreaths of evergreens and leavers, was a large picture of the President. No incident on the trip occurred except the breaking of the eccentric rod, which delayed the boat half an hour. On their arrival at the wharf they were met by the citizens of the surrounding country, who were cordially greeted by the distinguished guests, and a general handshaking took place.

The hotels at Tahoe were beautifully decorated. Six horse coaches were in waiting, and at a little after 4 the party left for Truckee, where they arrived at 11:30. Bunting was displayed from every flagpole in the town, and a large crowd was present at the station to greet them. The President and General Sherman, after greeting all present, were loudly called for, and both appeared and made short responses. The President announced himself as highly pleased with all he had seen, and said he expected no more pleasurable time during his trip than he had enjoyed during the past day. He complimented the energy and perseverance of the people of this coast, and predicted a brilliant future for it. As the train was pulling out Mrs. Hayes was seen to stand and wave her hand from the side of the President, which elicited the wildest enthusiasm.

At a quarter past six the train, consisting of seven cars, departed for Sacramento.

## GREAT BRITAIN.

Further Details of the Colliery Explosion in Durham.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—An explosion occurred this morning at the Seaham colliery, near Durham. Both shafts are blocked, though they are half a mile apart. Between 250 and 300 men are in the pit. It is known that some are alive.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—5 p.m.—The explosion in Seaham colliery occurred at 2:30 o'clock this morning. Stratton, the resident viewer, was seen on the spot, when it was found that all three shafts of the mine were blocked, the cages being fastened in them. Stratton, with a rope around his body, descended to the main seam, and heard no talking at all. They are considered safe. There is no reason as yet to believe that the pit is on fire, but it is feared the bulk of the men have been killed. Several of the men who were in the pit at the time of the explosion are safe.

The owner of the Seaham mine furnishes the following: "The worst fears are for about 120 men." The men known to be alive have not yet been reached, owing to the damage to the shafts by the explosion."

## BURIED ALIVE.

Another Terrible Accident in La Crosse.

La Crosse, Sept. 7.—Another terrible accident happened here this morning. As two men were engaged in cleaning a well, it suddenly caved in, burying William Edgely, who was at the bottom of the well. The well was fifty feet deep, and as soon as the accident happened a gang of men set to work to get him out. Edgely is a former notorious citizen of McGregor, Iowa, and has lived in this city for the past year.

## OBITUARY.

RACINE, Sept. 8.—Mrs. Sarah Doolittle, mother of ex-Senator Doolittle, died at 7 o'clock last evening, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Cutting, in the town of Mount Pleasant, three miles from Racine. She was 88 years old last June, and her death was from old age. She was born in New Hampshire, where she spent the earlier years of her life. Subsequently she lived with her husband in western New York, and later moved to Wisconsin with her husband and family, having lived there upward of twenty-five years.

A telegram was sent to Hon. J. R. Doolittle, in Maine, this morning, to which he has not yet responded. He will, of course, start for home on receipt of it. The funeral will be attended Friday afternoon from the residence of Mrs. Cutting, in Mount Pleasant. The deceased had led a life of great usefulness, and during nearly all of the many years of her life, enjoyed the best of health.

## BURGLARS.

OCONOMOWOC, Sept. 8.—News has been received in this city of an extensive burglary committed last night in the village of Neosho, about 12 miles north of this city. Two safes were blown open in the stores of Jacob Hawn and Dennis Baker, the former losing \$100 in cash and

the latter \$1,300 in cash and many valuable papers.

## THE STATE FAIR.

MADISON, Sept. 8.—The attendance at the State fair to-day exceeded 12,000.

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND IT.—Your Thomas' Electric Oil commands a large and increasing sale, which it richly merits. I have always found it exceedingly helpful. I use it in all cases of Rheumatism, as well as fractures and dislocations. I made use of it myself to calm the pains of a broken leg with dislocation of the foot, and in two days I was entirely relieved from pain.

JOS. BEAJDIN, M.D.  
For sale by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherer.

## ASSEMBLY CONVENTIONS.

THIRD DISTRICT.  
The Third Assembly District Republican Convention of Rock county, will be held at the Court House, in the city of Janesville, on Wednesday, September 29th, 1880, at 2 o'clock p.m. for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for Member of Assembly. Each town in this district will be entitled to the same number of delegates as to the County Conventions.

H. H. BRACE,  
S. C. CHASE,  
P. H. SWIFT,  
Committee.

## AMUSEMENTS.

Myers' Opera House!

One Night Only!

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11th

THE GREAT AND ONLY

NEW ORLEANS MINSTRELS

6 COMEDIANS 6.

4 END MEN 4.

Our Matchless Bone Clog Quartet.

OUR VOCAL AND SILVER BAND QUARTET.

OUR ACOUSTIC SONG & DANCE QUARTET.

Everything new and sparkling.

18-OUR COMPANY-18

OLIVIA DOWNS,  
Clara Davis,  
A. L. Howard,  
B. B. Riggs,  
Frank L. Lane,  
Ed. Williams,  
Herman Adams,  
Geo. Parker,  
Ed. Williams,  
Admission,  
50c  
Reserved seats without charge, at Myers' Opera House, 11th St. and Main St.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

GEO. H. MCCAUSEY

SURGEON DENTIST

Office in Talman's Block, opposite First National Bank, West Milwaukee street, Janesville, Wisconsin.

## PATENTS.

Cotzhausen, Sylvester & Scheiber

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Established 1850.

Be it remembered that in connection with their general law practice they attend to the trial of Patent Cases throughout the United States. The best of reference given. Correspondence solicited.

DR. M. A. NEWMAN,

Dental Surgeon,

Office in Smith & Jackson's block, over Rock County National Bank, Janesville, Wis. Practice Dentistry in all its branches. Administrators of nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of teeth.

DR. B. T. SANBORN,

Physician and Surgeon

Office open and calls attended to day and night.

Opposite Post Office, over Cook's Jewelry Store.

J. B. CASSIDAY, ED. F. CARPENTER

Cassoday & Carpenter

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office corner Main and Milwaukee streets, in Talman's Block, JANESVILLE, WIS.

## FURNITURE!

Bratton & Kimball

Have just received a fine lot of

Lawn Seetees, Lawn Chairs and

Lawn Rockers, which they offer

at very low prices. A few Refrigerators at cost. Large assortment of Hammocks very

cheap. Children's Carriages, a few left and will be sold at prices

to suit. Parlor, Bedroom, Dining and Kitchen Furniture at

bottom prices. Every thing kept

in a first class Furniture Store

can be found at our place, Show

rooms up stairs, 40x100 feet.

## UNDERTAKING!

For ten years experience; satisfaction guaranteed.

BRATTON & KIMBALL.

Next door to Post Office.

## PUBLIC PRINTING.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

WHEREAS, THE UNDERSIGNED COMMISSIONER of the Public Printing, on the first day of June, 1880, advertised, pursuant to law, for sealed proposals to do the public printing for the term of two years from the first day of January, 1881, and did on the fourth day of July, 1880, publicly open and read the several bids received in accordance with the advertisement, and forthwith let the contract for said public printing to the person who had made the lowest and best of said bids; and WHEREAS, Since the letting of said contract to said lowest bidder, said lowest bidder has refused to accept of said contract for the reason that, under the provisions of section 25, article IV, of the constitution of this State, he is incapable of legally contracting to do said printing, and that said contract is void; and WHEREAS, In the opinion of the undersigned Commissioner of the Public Printing, the interests of the State require that new proposals shall be received; NOW, therefore, notice is hereby given that SEALED PROPOSALS, in writing, indorsed "Proposals for the Public Printing," shall be received by the undersigned, at the office of the Secretary of State, in the Capitol, at Madison, Wisconsin, on or before Friday, the 1st day of October, 1880 (and at that time will be publicly opened and read), and that the person who shall be selected to do said printing, shall be bound to do said printing for the term of two years from the first day of January, 1881, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 20 of the Revised Statutes, and of all other existing statutes of the State, relating to public printing.

The following is the maximum list of prices established by law:

COMPOSITION PER 1,000 ERS.	
Plain	\$ 60
Figure work	1 20
Rule and figure work	1 20
Per line of 250 impressions	60
FOLDING.	
Per 100 sections of sixteen pages	10
STITCHING, TRIMMING AND COVERING PAMPHLETS.	
Per one hundred copies	1 25
BINDING, INCLUDING STOCK, PER VOLUME.	
In board, 16mo or 12mo (sheep b/c & c)	35
In full cloth, 16mo or 12mo	45
In full cloth, 8mo or 4mo	80
In full cloth, 16mo or 12mo	2 25
In full cloth, 8mo or 4mo	2 50
In full cloth, 16mo or 12mo	2 50
Flat-cap or cap, Russia ends and bands	6 00
Medium or folio post, 4-binding, sheep b/c	9 00
Medium or folio post, 4-binding, sheep b/c	9 00
Medium or folio post, Russia ends and bands	10 50
Medium or folio post, full Russia	12 00
Medium or folio post, full Russia	12 00
BINDING BLANK BOOKS, PER VOLUME, INCLUDING RULING AND INCLUDING STOCK PER VOLUME.	
Flat-cap, half-binding, sheep back (and cor.)	70
Flat-cap, full sheep	80
Flat-cap, Russia ends and bands	100
Flat-cap, extra Russia ends and bands	1 25
Folio post, half-binding, sheep back (and cor.)	1 50
Folio post, Russia ends and bands	1 50
Medium, extra Russia ends and bands	1 75
Medium, full Russia	2 00
Upper royal, Russia ends and bands	2 25
Super royal, extra Russia ends and bands	2 50
Super royal, full Russia	3 00
Paging, extra per volume	1 00
Indexing, extra, per volume	25

Blanks, per quire 10 || In case any work is done on any materials as the Revised Statutes, or any other law of the State, the price of which is not fixed by law, the contractor shall be bound to furnish materials at the lowest price for such labor or materials will be paid. |  |

The contract for said State printing will be let to the person who shall bid or contract for the same at the greatest percentage of discount from the foregoing established maximum prices, such percentage of discount to be shown on every item of work or material, and will be subject to the provisions of law. There will be expressly reserved in the contract, in favor of the State, the right to alter or amend any law now in force, which may hereafter be enacted, directing any particular kind or order of printing, and the contract will distinctly set forth and contain a provision giving to the contractor, at any time or on any day, the right to alter or amend the contract, in accordance with and subject to the provisions of chapter 20 of the Revised Statutes, and of all other existing statutes of the State, relating to public printing. For every percentage of discount from the maximum prices established by section 25 of the Revised Statutes, such percentage of discount to be unit form on every item of work or material.

DEAD END, this day of 1880.

In presence of A. B. [SEAL] C. D. [SEAL]

GUARANTY.

We, E. F. of the State of Wisconsin, do hereby guarantee and undertake, for ourselves, our heirs, executors and administrators, in the sum of five thousand dollars, that the above named bidder will, if he or she be accepted, execute the contract and deliver the work, within such time as may be prescribed by the Commission of the Public Printing of the State of Wisconsin. In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals, at this day of 1880.

In presence of E. F. [SEAL] G. H. [SEAL]

STATE OF WISCONSIN, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

E. F. and G. H. being duly and severally sworn, do hereby certify that I am acquainted with the above named guarantors, and know them to be men of good property and able to make good their guaranty.

Given at this day of 1880.

Judge (or clerk) of the Court aforesaid.

CERTIFICATE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I hereby certify that A. B. and C. D. of the State of Wisconsin, have deposited with me the sum of one thousand dollars in money for U. S. bonds, under the provisions of section 25 of the Revised Statutes.

R. G., State Treasurer.

AGREEMENT.

Know all men by these presents, that, where as, I (or we) have this day, by a bid in writing under seal, proposed to execute the public printing for the State of Wisconsin, in accordance with law, and have deposited with the State Treasurer the sum of one thousand dollars, under the provisions of section 25 of the Revised Statutes. Now, therefore, I (or we) do hereby agree that if such bid is accepted, and after being notified thereof, I (or we) shall fail to enter into a contract and execute a bond, as required by law, within the time prescribed by the Commission of the Public Printing of said State; or if, after executing such contract or bond, I (or we) shall fail to comply therewith, then and in either case, the said one thousand dollars shall become absolutely forfeited to the State of Wisconsin, and shall be no part of the penalty or damages which may be recovered upon such contract or bond.

In witness whereof, I (or we) have hereunto set my (our) hand and seal, this day of 1880.



THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9.

## REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Election Tuesday, November 2d, 1880.

FOR PRESIDENT.

JAMES A. GARFIELD,

OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR,

OF NEW YORK.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

At Large—GEORGE E. KENDRICK.

1st District—JAMES S. BLAKE.

2d District—JOHN J. KELLOGG.

3d District—GEORGE L. WATKINS.

4th District—WILLIAM F. BROWN.

5th District—CHARLES F. LOVELL.

6th District—EDWARD L. BROWN.

7th District—EDWARD L. BROWN.

8th District—JOHN T. KINGSTON.

CONGRESSIONAL.

First District—CHARLES G. WILLIAMS.

Third District—GEORGE C. HAZELTON.

Fourth District—CASPER M. SANGER.

Seventh District—H. L. HUMPHREY.

STATE SENATE.

Seventeenth District—HAMILTON RICHARDSON, of Janesville.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff—H. L. SKAYLEM, of Newark.

For Register of Deeds—C. L. YALOWITZ, of Janesville.

For County Treasurer—WILLIS MILES, Town of Janesville.

For County Clerk—S. MORRIS, of Lima.

For District Attorney—JOHN W. SALES, of Janesville.

For Clerk of the Court—C. W. BALDWIN, of Milton.

For Surveyor—R. K. LEE, of Janesville.

For Coroner—O. ALLEN, of Milton.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

Hon. G. W. Hazelton will speak as follows:

Monroe, Friday, Sept. 10th.

Brookfield, Saturday, Sept. 11.

## QUEER SPORT.

The Kind of Sport Enjoyed on a Nevada Log Flume.

At the summit of that cascade in

bondage the flume begins. Its track is

a trough of heavy planks, converging in

an angle like that which is bounded by

the two sides of a prism. Down this

canal, whose sides are worn very

smooth by the gentle but persistent

friction of water, and by the many rubs

and knocks of its freightage, the wood,

the stream flows sleekly and swiftly, with

a motion not dissimilar to the gliding of

a snake. As the flume winds, the current

weaves this side and that, as if seeking

escape, like the caged power that it is.

Unremitting as the endless chain in

machinery, untrailing as the natural

brook by which it is fed, its capacity

for burden is unlimited, and the statistics

show that this little thread of water

transports daily from the mountain top

to the valley half a million feet of min-

ing timber, or 700 cords of wood. At

places along its route there are stations

of relay, or reinforcement rather, where

feeders pour in and compensate for the

waste incurred by leakage or overflow.

It follows no regular grade, but accom-

modates itself to the side of the moun-

tain, however steep, and is swift ac-

cordingly. What is the rate of speed? I

do not know; but this I have noticed,

that it is so rapid that a horse can not

drink from it, for he turns his head up

the hill the current floods his nostrils,

and he is forced to drink the water falls

away from his mouth, as it did from the

lips of the doomed Tantalus.

Venturesome people have sailed down

in boats, but such voyagers have been

too much occupied with the safe naviga-

tion of their craft to keep any accurate

log of their journey. There is a great

deal of sport and not a little danger

about this method of going to sea, and

so it is a favorite pastime with the

men of Lake Tahoe on a Sunday after-

noon. Indeed, its reputation as a

manly amusement has become more

than local, and travelers from abroad

feel that their tour has been for naught

if they have not consummated their ad-

ventures by a ride down the flume. Looking

across the valleys and seeing the silver

filament of water hanging down the

mountains they thrill with the de-

sire and ambition of a race, and they

would rather forego their swim in Lake

## THE AUDIPHONE.

The Best Bait to Hear—Interesting Experiments with the Audiphone.

Interesting experiments illustrating

the use of the newly invented audiphone

by Prof. Richard S. Rhodes, as a device

for assisting deaf persons to hear, were

given in the Audiphone Parlors, yesterday

afternoon. There was a large company

present, including the Hon. Peter Cooper,

the Rev. Robert Collyer, the Rev. Dr.

J. M. Stevenson, the Rev. Dr. Gallaudet,

Henry Beigel, and several ladies. Many

of the audience were deaf, as was

shown by their interest in the experi-

ments, and their earnest conversation

with each other by the finger alphabet.

The fact of hearing through the medium

of the teeth has long been known, but it

has remained for the inventor of the

audiphone to utilize this fact for the

benefit of the afflicted. The visitors ex-

amined the simple fiddle-like instrument,

and those who were deaf rejoiced, many

of them, in being able to hear for the

first time as they placed the instrument

to their teeth. The adjustment of the

instrument is easy. A silken cord gives

the required tension, and, when placed

lightly on the upper teeth, the audi-

phone transmits the sounds through the

auditory nerve to the brain. The pecu-

liar composition of the audiphone en-

ables it to gather the slightest sounds.

"I can not tell you," said the Pro-

fessor, "all the advantages and pleas-

ures to be derived from this instrument,

but I can say that the deaf it opens

up new worlds of enjoyment and hap-

piness. I would rather be poor and live

in the humblest cell with the audiphone,

than be rich and live in a palace with-

out it."

A class of deaf mutes, under the di-

rection of their teacher, Mr. Jenkins,

assisted Prof. Rhodes in his experiments.

Many of these deaf mutes had not heard

even their own voices, and they man-

ifested the liveliest emotions when, on

placing the audiphone to their teeth, they

heard for the first time musical

sounds, and words addressed to them

by the Professor. A young man was

called up, and, with the audiphone ad-

justed, he faced the audience.

"How long have you been deaf?" said

the Professor, in an ordinary tone of

voice. "Fourteen years," shouted the

deaf man.

"Do you live in New York?" "Yes."

"Do you find it hard to learn the

meaning of sounds?" "Yes."

Then the Professor explained that,

though the audiphone enabled deaf per-

sons to hear sounds, it did not, as some

people think, give them the faculty of understanding

what was said. Deaf persons would

need to be educated in this particular.

A boy almost totally deaf heard the

sounds of a piano played loudly only as

a murmur, but with the audiphone dis-

tinctly. A young lady, who had lost her

hearing at the age of 2 years from dis-

ease, said she could with the audiphone

distinguish the sounds of the letters as

spoken by the Professor. And so with

many of these deaf persons, who all

gave evidence of a rapid apprecia-

tion of the words of the Professor. One

of the most interesting experiments was

that of a young lady who had never

heard her own voice, and who, with the

instrument on her teeth, made some

strange articulations. One sound she

made was a plaintive wail; but she was

full of joy at hearing it, and her ex-

pressions of delight drew tears from the

audience. The class of deaf mutes was

then drawn up in front of the piano, and

Miss Belle Cole sang an "Echo Song."

It was a sight to watch the countenances

of these deaf persons, as the sounds fell

upon their ears—or rather their teeth.

Many bent time, others wept, while one

young lady exhibited her pleasure by

impulsive movements of the whole body,

and her face was lighted up with pleas-

ure. Then the company sang "Nearer,

My God, to Thee," while the class lis-

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Get the Best and Nicest Fit-

ting Shoes?

## NO PUZZLE AT ALL!

A	Rich	ard	son
and	Bro	keep	the
best	and	finest	stock
in	the	city	and
they	sell	them	cheap
as	they	want	to sell
off	all	their	stock
they	move	into	their
new	store.	You	will
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tional	Bank.		

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Roast, and Potted Chicken and

Turkey, Lunch Tongue, Compressed

Tongue, Deviled Tongue, Pressed

Ham, Potted Ham, Potted Game,

Deviled Lobsters, Coked Corn

Beef, Sardines in Oil, Tomato

Sauce and Salad Dressing, Ancho-

vies, Salmon, Clams, Pigs Feet.

Baked Beans, Codfish Ball, Soups,

Lunch Pickles Sweet, Prepared

Mustard, Sauces, Jellies, Jams and

Preserves, Braised Fruits, Table Vi-

negaret, Bottled Cider, Seltzer, Rasp-

berry Vinegar, Lime Juice, &amp;c. &amp;c. Also,

Parker House Rolls, Brown Bread,

Choice Crackers, &amp;c.

J. A. DENNISON.

49 West Milwaukee St.

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## FRUIT JARS!

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The "Milkmaid" Jar. Also the

Jar, Look like the Jar, but the Jar

Ice Cream Freezers for \$2.00.

Jewett's Water Coolers.

The use of Filtes avoids

stickness many times. New

styles of Bird Cages. Ele-

gant 11 Pieces Decorated

Toilet Sets, \$5.00; more

## Hanging Baskets,

At 10 cents each. Flower Pots, Lawn Seats, Job

lot of Clothes Baskets, at half price. New Pat-

tern of Glassware, 20 patterns of Chandeliers

at \$1.00 per dozen; 4 styles of Glass Tea

Sets at 50 cents; new supplies for eating Ber-

green Peas, Pickings, &amp;c. Another lot of Ma-

dock's Fine

## Stone China Ware

At old prices; plenty of

## SILVER

## WARE.

Cutlery and China Ware, Job lot of 375 Pieces at

special price. Fine 20 patterns of Chandeliers

at \$1.00 per dozen. New Novelties just ap-

peared, suitable for presents.

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## COOL

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## VAPOR COOK

## STOVE!

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pense of any other Stove. Sat-

isfaction guaranteed. On Ex-

hibition Day and Evening.

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## WORKMANSHIP.

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no others.

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For Sale in Every City and Town

in the United States.

For sale in Janesville by LAWRENCE, AT-

WOOD &amp; LOWELL.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—County Court,

Lucas County, Iowa. In the matter of the Estate

of Broderick Randall, deceased.

Letters of administration having been issued this

court do hereby give notice that the time for

creditors to present their claims against the

estate of Broderick Randall, deceased, is limited to

the 15th day of February next, and that the time

for the presentation of claims against the

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the







# THE GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8.  
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.  
Published Every Evening Except  
Sundays, at \$7.00 Per Year by  
THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY.  
OFFICE OF NORTH MAIN STREET,  
JANESVILLE, - - WISCONSIN.

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family, by a girl capable of doing all  
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SENSATION Baking Powder 20 cents,  
warranted equal to any sold at 40, sold  
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ted sliding poise, platform scales, just  
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seen at the GAZETTE counting room.

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in perfect order. Enquire at GAZETTE  
counting room.

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New Tens. The only New Crop nu-  
colored Tens in Janesville, at Vankirk's.

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Scales, now, at GAZETTE counting room  
at a bargain. Call and see them.

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& Co. safe, weighing eleven hundred  
pounds, can be seen at GAZETTE count-  
ing room.

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Pickles, 25 cents per gallon, at Vankirk's.

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proved Howe sewing machines, new and  
in perfect running order, price low, at  
the GAZETTE counting room.

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For a good article of Writing Paper, Enclap-  
sures, Pens, Ink, &c., at reasonable prices, call  
at Sutherland's Bookstore.  
S. J. SUTHERLAND.

Go to A. J. Roberts for Mrs. Freeman's New  
National Ointment. For brightness and durability  
of color are unequalled. Color from 2 to 5 pounds.  
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KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER, A MAR-  
VELOUS MEDICINE FOR NERVE DISEASES.  
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Will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic  
Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy  
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Write to them without delay.  
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"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are used with  
advantage to alleviate Coughs, Sore Throat,  
Hoarseness and Bronchial Affections. For  
thirty years these Troches have been in use,  
with annually increasing favor. They are not  
new and untried, but, having been tested by  
wide and constant use for nearly an entire  
generation, they have attained well-merited rank  
among the few staple remedies of the age.

The Troche—"Brown's Bronchial Troches"  
act directly on the organs of the voice. They  
have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of  
the Throat and Larynx, restoring a healthy tone  
when relaxed, either from cold or over-exertion  
of the voice, and produce a clear and distinct  
enunciation. Speakers and Singers find the  
Troches useful.

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quires immediate attention, as neglect often  
times results in some incurable Lung Disease.  
"Brown's Bronchial Troches" will almost invari-  
ably give relief. Limitations are offered for  
sale, many of which are injurious. The genuine  
"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are sold only in  
bottles.

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finest assortment of Hair, Cloth  
and Tooth Brushes, dressing  
Cases and Hand Mirrors, which  
I am selling at wholesale prices  
All kinds of Toilet Preparations,  
fine Bath and Toilet Soaps, in-  
cluding "Yosemite Boquet," the  
finest Perfumed Toilet Soap  
made. The largest and best as-  
sortment of Perfumes in the city.  
Also a fine line of imported and  
domestic Cigars.  
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A. GOODRICH,  
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S. J. SUTHERLAND.

## GENERAL GRANT.

An Enthusiastic Welcome Given  
Him by the Citizens of  
Janesville.

A Lively Demand for Hand-  
shakes, and Many Hurrahs  
From Many Throats

Those Who Accompanied Him  
and Those Who Greeted  
Him.

### Sundry Incidents.

Last evening Janesville was wildly en-  
thusiastic over the coming of General  
Grant and his party. Dr. Palmer, A. H.  
Baxter and W. T. Vankirk had visited  
Madison the day previous, and had made  
preliminary arrangements, but it was not  
until yesterday afternoon that, by the aid  
of the wires, the running of trains and  
other details could be so arranged as to  
make sure his coming. On such  
short notice there was need of  
much hurrying and hurrying to get  
everything in shape to give the distin-  
guished visitors a befitting welcome. Mr.  
Baxter remained in Madison to represent  
this city in escorting the party here,  
while Dr. Palmer and Mr. Vankirk were  
busy arranging for the reception. As  
soon as it became known as a fixed fact  
that General Grant was to reach this city  
about 7 o'clock and remain an hour here,  
there was some quick work done. There  
was little time for any elaborate de-  
corations, but a number of our merchants  
graced their store fronts with  
flags and bunting, and the front of the  
Myers house was given a patriotic look  
by small flags at each window, while the  
entrance and balcony above were de-  
corated with Chinese lanterns and the na-  
tional colors. The officers of the military  
companies and fire department hurriedly  
gathered their forces, and prepared to do  
escort duty.

### FROM MADISON TO JANESVILLE.

While such preparations were being  
hastily made the special train bearing the  
visitors was hurrying over the road from  
Madison to Afton. The palace car con-  
tained General Grant, Colonel Fred Grant,  
Major General Rowley, Governor Smith,  
A. H. Baxter, Esq., Hon. J. J. R. Pease,  
B. L. Colvin, and General Bintliff. The  
train speeded over the rail at a lively  
rate, reaching Afton in forty-five minutes.  
At Afton the party were met by a com-  
mittee of our citizens sent there by spe-  
cial train to receive them. The commit-  
tee consisted of Mayor Cobb, Dr.  
Palmer, M. C. Smith, Col. Britton, Hon.  
J. B. Cassaday, Hon. J. R. Bennett, Capt.  
S. J. M. Putnam, G. C. McLean, Hon.  
John Winans, Hon. James Sutherland,  
Dr. J. B. Whiting, Hon. Pliny Norcross  
and Col. N. Smith.

### AT THE DEPOT.

There was no speech-making indulged  
in, but the welcome given by Janesville's  
representatives was no less hearty for be-  
ing informal. The party thus enlarged  
by the coming of this committee, came  
on over the new road from Afton, and as  
the train rolled up to the Northwestern  
depot, there arose such a hurrah as would  
make even a locomotive's whistle seem a  
whisper. There were thousands crowd-  
ing about the car, the streets were filled  
with carriages, and such an enthusiastic  
welcome was never before given any vi-  
sitor to Janesville.

As those in the car pressed out and  
saw the swaying mass of closely packed  
humanity, Governor Smith remarked to  
General Grant, "Janesville is the place  
to come, for they always turn out to wel-  
come their guests." Colonel Britton put  
in an ear, and told the General that if the  
folk had only had twenty-four hours' no-  
tice, the whole of Rock county would  
have been out. "Well, it looks as if they  
were all out now," said the General as  
he looked out of the window at the great  
crowd, and with a rather gratified  
sort of a smile, passed along out  
of the door to greet them.

### THE ONLY KISS.

As his form appeared on the car steps  
the crowd cheered and cheered again.  
One little girl who had become wedged  
in snug to the track, was the first of all  
to be honored by an individual greeting,  
and it seemed a cordial one. She was  
one of the employees of the cotton factory,  
dressed in her plain working clothes, and  
as she stood close to where the General  
stepped off the car, he quickly read the  
anxiety pictured in her face, and catching  
her by the hand, kissed her and passed  
on. That little girl, poor as  
she was, outranked all the  
elegant dressed ladies of the city in the  
honor conferred upon her, for as far as  
heard from, she was the first and the  
only one to receive such a greeting.

### DOING ESCORT DUTY.

As soon as a passage way could be  
cleared through the crowd, the party  
stepped to the carriages, the first car-  
riage being occupied by General Grant,  
Colonel Fred Grant, General Rowley,  
Governor Smith, and Dr. Palmer. The  
other carriages were occupied by the  
committee, and the line of march was  
taken up for the Myers house. The es-  
cort consisted of the Bower City Band,  
the Janesville Guards, Bower City  
Rifles, Sack Company, and Fire Depart-  
ment, while hundreds upon hundreds of  
citizens crowded along the sidewalks,  
and the streets were filled with car-  
riages. It looked indeed as if the whole  
county as well as city had swarmed out  
to greet the old hero. Arriving at the  
Myers house the Sack Company were  
called upon to do police duty, and the  
enthusiasm of the crowd was kept within  
due bounds.

### THE RECEPTION.

The visitors were escorted to the pa-  
lors, and Dr. Whiting, from the balcony,  
informed the crowd, that they could then  
have a chance to greet General Grant  
face to face. The stairway was packed  
like a box. Ladies and gentlemen,  
small boys, and big girls, all had an equal  
chance, and there was a rush. There was  
a steady stream of people passing through  
that parlor for nearly an hour. Hon.

Pliny Norcross presented the visitors to  
General Grant. Col. N. Smith did like  
service for Col. Fred Grant, and Colonel  
Britton presented them to General Row-  
ley. Governor Smith did not take a fixed  
position with the reception party, but  
moved about the parlors in an informal  
way, cordially greeting old friends,  
and meeting new acquaintances.  
There was little chance given for chat-  
ting. It was a hand shaking man party.  
Occasionally a remark would be ex-  
changed, but the General's time was  
pretty well occupied with looking into  
new faces, and giving a hurried hand-  
shake. One would think that this would  
prove a great deal of a bore to General  
Grant, and yet one thing was remarkable.  
He seemed to be really afraid that he  
would miss the hand of some who hur-  
ried by him, and would sometimes aban-  
don the formality of a slight move of  
the forearm, and reach out to grasp  
someone's hand, and he was  
strangely determined to get a good  
look at every face. When two or three  
would crowd along together, he would  
bend his head, and even step out of his  
position to get a good look at the faces of  
his callers. Several of the ladies who  
greeted him presented him with bu-  
quets, but as these accumulated he de-  
posited them on a chair that his hands  
might be free for use. Thus the minutes  
passed swiftly until the time neared for  
him to leave, and there seemed  
no lessening of the crowd. It  
became evident that he could not greet  
half of them individually, and it was  
announced from the balcony, that the  
others must be content with seeing him  
there for a moment. Time was given for  
the multitudes, firemen and band to  
shake hands with him, and then he ap-  
peared upon the balcony, while the  
crowded streets below sent up cheer after  
cheer till throats became hoarse and ears  
deafened. Mr. A. H. Baxter  
introduced him, and three cheers follow-  
ed. Mr. Baxter then introduced Colonel  
Fred Grant, and after he had been like-  
wise received, Governor Smith was pre-  
sented, and his reception was no less  
cordial.

### GENERAL GRANT'S GOOD NIGHT.

No one expected a speech from General  
Grant and hence none were disappoint-  
ed. He said, however, to the crowd,  
that he thanked them for the kindly  
demonstrations of welcome, and expres-  
sed his surprise at the numbers present,  
on so short a notice. He regretted that  
he could not stay  
longer, and that he could  
not see their faces by daylight, and have  
a chance to become better acquainted,  
and hoped that it would not be so long  
before he again visited the city, as it had  
been since his first visit here. With these  
words he wished all a good night.

His reference to having visited Janes-  
ville before, excited many erroneous con-  
jectures as to when and how it was. On  
inquiry we learned that it was in 1855,  
and he passed through here on his way  
to Milwaukee. There were very few who  
knew of it at the time, and as it was by  
night, he had then as now, little chance  
to see the city or its people.

### BACK TO THE DEPOT.

The carriages took the visitors back to  
the depot, the same escort being furn-  
ished as on their arrival. The crowd seem-  
ed to increase instead of lessening, and  
at the depot it was larger than on his  
arrival even. After the party had board-  
ed the car, General Grant stood on the  
steps, while Colonel Fred Grant, stood in  
the doorway, smoking. The General  
reached out his hand, to shake with a few  
of those who were packed in around the  
car, and as soon as this hospitable dispo-  
sition became evident, there was a  
struggling and swaying which  
threatened to squeeze some of the frail  
ones in the crowd, like apples in a  
cider mill. There were a number of lit-  
tle girls close by the steps, and the Gen-  
eral, with the same kindheartedness  
which was evident by many little tokens  
during his brief visit here, provided them  
with a way of escape, by bidding them  
pass over the platform of the car to the  
other side, which they gladly did. The  
handshaking kept up until the wheels  
began to move, and before the wild hur-  
rahs of the hundreds of voices had died  
out, Grant was gone.

Those who did escort duty, accompan-  
ied Governor Smith to the Myers' house,  
where there was a general breaking up  
and an interchange of good nights. Gov-  
ernor Smith spent the night in the city  
as the guest of B. L. Colvin, and this  
morning returned to Madison. The  
whole demonstration may be called im-  
promptu, but in extent and enthusiasm  
it was a most wonderful success. Those  
who met General Grant for the first time  
were impressed most favorably, many  
had old prejudices or fanciful  
notions dispelled, and those who have  
always well nigh worshipped him, had  
their admiration strengthened, by his  
kindly bearing, his unostentatious man-  
ners, and his evident realization that he  
is simply an American citizen, and his  
hearty appreciation of the hospitality  
shown him.

Major General Rowley, who accompa-  
nied General Grant, was peculiarly inter-  
ested in meeting the people of Janesville  
and Rock county. His father, now de-  
ceased, lived in the town of Union, and  
he has brothers living there now, and at  
one time he planned to live there him-  
self, but circumstances caused him to  
decide otherwise. J. B. Rowley, of this  
city, is his cousin, and was among the  
most hearty greeters who met the Gen-  
eral last evening. For these reasons, as  
well as others, General Rowley was par-  
ticularly gratified in visiting Janesville,  
and was particularly welcome here.

### ANOTHER SCHOOL.

Messrs. Valentine Bros., the managers  
of the Western School of Telegraphy,  
have rented the other rooms on their  
floor in Smith & Jackman's block, and  
are to use them in connection with their  
school. They intend to open a commer-  
cial school, which will be complete by  
itself, and where students can acquire as  
complete a business education as can be  
obtained in any institution in the

country. This additional enterprise  
of the Valentine Bros., is an important  
one, and the same energy and ability  
which has caused their telegraph school  
to be such a success will ensure the per-  
manency and success of this new school.  
This additional school will not lessen  
their attention to the telegraph school,  
nor interfere with its growth and effec-  
tiveness, and the commercial school will  
have such instructors as will ensure  
every pupil the best possible advan-  
tages.

Onions are prescribed as a sure cure  
for Clerical kissing, and Spring Blossom  
is a sure cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion  
and all Disorders of the Stomach.  
Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherer.

### SUCCULENTS.

—The church folk pray to-night.  
—Not much demand for ice drinks.  
—The Mack trial will commence at  
Jefferson next Monday.

—The New Orleans Minstrels are to set  
everybody to laughing at the Opera house  
Saturday night.

—B. B. Eldredge's mare Calamus, in  
the 2:23 race at Minneapolis, yesterday,  
took first money. Time 2:24 1/4.

—There will be special trains to Mon-  
roe on the 10th, 17th and 18th of this  
month to accommodate those who desire  
to attend the Fair there.

—The buggy which the Single Center  
Spring Company, of this city, have on  
exhibition at the State Fair at Madison,  
has been awarded the first premium.  
Good enough.

—E. V. Whiton is making some more  
improvements in his drug store, especi-  
ally in the appearance of his prescription  
case, which he is blanking by a pair of  
wings, on which Otto Holm is doing some  
most excellent fancy work with the  
brush.

—Next Sunday the festival of Harvest  
Home will be observed at the Trinity  
Episcopal church. The decorations are  
to be of the harvest, and there is to be a  
free will offering to the Old Ladies'  
Home in Milwaukee. The services prom-  
ise to be unusually interesting.

—The Republicans rallied at Milton  
last night for the organization of a Gar-  
field and Arthur club. Hon. S. C. Carr  
presided, and O. H. Fethers, Esq., of this  
city gave a rousing speech. A committee  
was appointed to secure additional names,  
and the campaign has opened up with a  
great deal of enthusiasm.

—Mr. William McCouch, of Philadel-  
phia, who is visiting his sister-in-law,  
Mrs. Dr. Hullihen, went fishing at Indian  
Ford yesterday with the doctor, and  
caught a large number of wall-eyed pikes,  
one of which weighed six and a quarter  
pounds. Mr. McCouch is a regular dis-  
ciple of old Izank Walton, and in a  
stream like Rock river can show some  
splendid exhibitions of his skill.

—There is some talk about holding a  
citizens' fair here, to be held early in Oc-  
tober. There is no good reason why  
there should not be more than mere talk  
about it. If the right men will take hold  
of the matter with enthusiasm and en-  
ergy, there can be a fair held here which  
would prove a big success. Rock county  
folk are anxious to have a fair of their  
own, and if a few of the leading citizens  
would take upon themselves a little re-  
sponsibility, and set the ball rolling,  
there would be a rallying in support of  
the enterprise which would be surpris-  
ing. Whatever is done must be done  
quickly. The time is ripe, and delays are  
dangerous.

World renowned, as unrivalled, the As-  
tor House, New York.

### ROBBINS' CAMELS.

He Loses Four of them and Has a Nar-  
row Escape from Further Trouble.

We learn from a private letter written  
by Tom Russell, that Burr Robbins met  
with quite a serious loss while on route  
from Everett to Reed City, in Michigan.  
Last Tuesday night most of the animals  
were shipped by rail, but the elephants and  
camels were being driven along [the  
road. On the way they had to cross the  
railroad track, where the woods  
were quite thick, and the camels  
broke and ran. The man in charge be-  
ing unable to look after them at once,  
having to care for the elephants, the cam-  
els got quite a distance down the track,  
and finally onto a railway bridge. The  
train on which were some of the  
cages, etc., came rushing along, and  
struck the camels on the bridge, cutting  
four of them all to pieces, and throwing  
one car off the track. Fortunately no  
one was hurt, but the loss of the camels  
is of course a heavy one.

Mr. R. Kennetts, Canal Street, N. Y.,  
writes: I have been a sufferer for years  
from Dyspepsia, and an affection of the  
Kidneys, have tried numerous remedies  
but all to no purpose, until I tried your  
Spring Blossom, now both Dyspepsia and  
Kidney difficulties have vanished and I  
enjoy life better than for many years.  
Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherer.

### THE WEATHER.

REPORTED BY PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS.  
The thermometer at 6 o'clock last night  
stood at 61 degrees above; at 1 o'clock  
a. m. at 46 degrees above; at 7 o'clock  
a. m. at 46 degrees above and at 1 o'clock  
p. m., at 63 degrees above. Partly  
cloudy.

The indications to-day are, for the up-  
per lake region, falling barometer, cool  
northerly, veering to warmer east or  
south winds, and partly cloudy weather.

### PERSONAL.

—Mrs. Dimock's condition to-day is  
more hopeful.

—Mrs. Harry Carter is somewhat more  
comfortable to-day.

—Miss Aggie Sparks, of Elk Point,  
Dakota, is in the city, the guest of Mr.  
G. C. McLean and family.

—Mr. Charles Penniman arrived in the  
city last night for a few days stay,  
when he will go to Springfield, Ill.

—Judge Advocate Bates and Corporal  
Evenson, of the Janesville Guards,  
attended the flag presentation at Rock-  
ford.

—Captain Neal is at home again, and  
will take his accustomed respite from

life on the ocean wave. He is most heart-  
ily welcomed by friends.

There is sleep for the eye that is tearful  
A balm for the eye that mourns,  
And a calm for the spirit that's fearful,  
But Electric Oil is the best for corns.  
Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherer.

### Discovery by Accident.

The fact that many of the most val-  
uable discoveries have been the result of  
chance rather than of design or contem-  
plation, is again illustrated in DAY'S KID-  
NEY PILL.

### A Temperate Departure.

The following communication explains  
itself:

ALEXANDRIA BAY, N. Y., 1880.  
Messrs. H. H. Warner & Co.  
GENTLEMEN: I have been doctoring  
the last four years for Rheumatism in the  
back, Sciatica and Kidney difficulties,  
and I have been at no time free from pain  
until I commenced taking Warner's Safe  
Kidney and Liver Cure which has en-  
tirely cured me. I want to keep it in the  
house to treat my friends with, instead of  
wines and liquors as it will cure the Dis-  
eases that they will produce.  
Very truly yours,  
CHARLES WALTON.

### COMMERCIAL NEWS.

JANESVILLE MARKETS.  
Reported for the Gazette by Bump & Gray,  
Grain and Produce Dealers.

JANESVILLE, September 8.  
Receipts of grain were fair to-day and the  
market ruled firm at the following quotat-  
ions:

FLOUR—New Process \$1.50 per sack; Wiscon-  
sin \$1.25 per sack.  
RYE FLOUR—\$2.25 per 100 lbs.  
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—75¢ per sack.  
WHEAT—Winter, 75¢; Good to best milling  
spring 75¢; shipping grades 75¢.  
WHEAT BRAN—5¢ per 100; \$10.00 per ton;  
MEAL—coarse, 80¢ per 100; bolted 85¢ per sack  
FRESH—90¢ per 100 lbs.  
MIDDLINGS—80¢ per 100 lbs. Ton \$12.  
RYE—in good request at 70¢.  
BARLEY—Good quality 70¢; common to  
fair 40¢.  
CORN—shelled per 60 lbs. 81¢; 35¢.  
OATS—white 32¢; mixed 32¢.  
TIMOTHY SEED—in demand at \$1.75; \$2.00  
per 40 pounds.  
CLOVER SEED saleable at \$4.00; \$4.50 per  
bushel.  
POTATOES—plenty at 30¢.  
BUTTER—in demand at 16¢.  
EGGS—Dull at 60¢; 10¢ per bushel.  
HIDES—Green, 67¢; calf 60¢; Dry, 12¢; 14¢  
WOOL—in demand at 20¢; 21¢ for fair to choice  
clips; 1¢ off for unmerchantable.  
SHEEP SKINS—Range at 25¢; 30¢ each.  
LIVE STOCK—Cattle \$2.50; \$4.00 per 100 lbs.;  
Hog \$4.20; \$4.50 per 100 lbs.  
POULTRY—Turkeys 40¢; Chickens 60¢.

### CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, September 8.  
WHEAT—No. 2 spring wheat cash, 92 1/2¢; No. 3  
spring wheat cash, 91 1/2¢.  
CORN—No. 2 cash, 10¢.  
PORK—Cash new, \$17 1/2¢.  
LARD—Cash 88¢.  
LIVE HOGS—\$4.50; 45¢ according to grade.  
BUTTER—20¢; 22¢; 24¢, 15¢; 16¢, according  
to quality.  
EGGS—Fresh, 12¢.  
HAY—Timothy No. 1, new, at \$13 50; 14 00; old  
\$14 00 per ton; No. 2 at \$12 50; 13 50.  
HOPS—12¢; 13¢.  
HONEY—Good to new choice comb in boxes  
at 15¢.  
SEEDS—Clover at \$1 1/2; 1 1/4; Timothy at  
\$2 30; 2 1/2; Flax, \$1 22.  
WHEAT—No. 1, 55¢; No. 2, 54¢.  
WHISKY—\$1 15.  
WOOL—Tub-washed bright, 40¢; 18¢; 17¢; un-  
washed, 30¢; 22¢; coarse 20¢; 25¢.

### MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, September 8.  
FLOUR—Dull and unchanged.  
WHEAT—Firm; opened at an advance of 1/2¢;  
and closed weak. No. 1 Milwaukee hard \$1 06;  
No. 1 Milwaukee 94 1/2¢; No. 2 do 91 1/2¢; Septem-  
ber 91 1/2¢; October 92 1/2¢; November 92 1/2¢; No. 3  
do 82 1/2¢; No. 4 do nominal; rejected nominal.  
CORN—No. 2, 40¢.  
OATS—No. 2, 20¢.  
RYE—No. 1, 81¢.  
BARLEY—No. 2 spring, 74 1/2¢.  
PORK—Mess pork, \$17 1/2¢.  
LARD—Prime steam, \$8 05.

### MONEY.

New York, September 8.  
Money; 2 1/2¢ per cent.  
Steady exchange bankers' bills, at \$1 80;  
do demand, 4 3/4¢.  
Government bonds quiet but strong.  
State bonds dull and nominal.  
Stocks, strong.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

Represent sound old compa-  
nies only. Risks written at best  
rates and losses promptly ad-  
justed and paid. Houses and  
Lots for sale. Farming Lands  
in the city for sale. Good bar-  
gains. Houses and Lots for  
rent, and Money to loan on good  
real estate security at low rates  
of interest.

Please Read This!  
Insurance,  
AND  
Real Estate Head-Quarters.  
ESTABLISHED IN 1858.

DIMOCK & HAYNER  
AGENTS.

SMITH & JACKMAN'S BLOCK.  
JANESVILLE, - - - - - WISCONSIN.  
aug30dt

R. C. YEOMANS,  
Franklin street, Corn Exchange Square, Janes-  
ville, Wis.

DEALER IN  
Wind-Mill, Garden and Set Length Force  
Pumps, Pipe, Valves, Drive Pumps, Deep-  
well and Shallow Well Cylinders,  
Gas and Steam Fitting Goods!  
Globe and other Valves, Engine Trimmings,  
Rubber Hose, Sheet Rubber, Lead Pipe, Pack-  
ing, &c.

Steam, Gas and Water Pipe Fit-  
ting a Specialty.

Deep and Shallow Well Repairing. Estimates  
Free and Contracts Taken on Work at a Dis-  
count. All work Personally Attended to.  
ly24w9w3m

# CLOTHING!

When You Feel the Need of Clothing  
for yourself or